

Republican Camouflage.

By agreement between Democrat and Republican headquarters all the speaking dates were postponed until after the Liberty Loan Campaign, closing October 18th.

During this recess the Republican Campaign Headquarters are stuffing the mails full of Republican literature and every roustabout, jack-leg precinct Republican henchman is working overtime and as busy as bees "tackling" Democrats whom they have been told were soft and could be influenced.

The speech of Ben Bruner, in which he tells the voters that there should be no partisanship in this election, and that just so a man is for the war program, or pretends to be is sufficient and that it is immaterial who is elected, is the old story and tactics followed by all parties everywhere, whether, county, state or national politics, when the man wanting to be elected knows his party is in the minority.

Bruner would like for the Democrats of Kentucky just now to forget that he has for years been one of the most bitter partisan and uncompromising Republicans on the stump. He wants them to forget his violent, vituperative and slanderous attacks made on the Democrats in the Goebel campaign, some of which were made in LaRue county and well remembered.

He wants them to forget the lovely sweet smelling names he applied to all prominent Democrats the time he got beaten for State Senate in this district by "Uncle" Tom Gorin.

He would indeed like very much for you just now to forget his fiery, inflammatory, race prejudice speeches delivered at Sonora and many other places in the 4th district when he was a candidate for Congress against the Hon. D. H. Smith, of Hodgenville.

He would also like for you to not remember his efforts to explain away and justify the Bradley's purchase of the Senatorship when opposed by Gov. Beekham.

If he would only repeat one or two of the many compliments he paid to Woodrow Wilson while Wilson was a candidate for President, it would give more light on the subject than what he says now; among those he said, "Will this Nation Elect a Theorist, a dangerous fanatic like Woodrow Wilson to the high office of President," and then only two years ago, just two years ago remember, among many hundreds of similar compliments he charged that Wilson's administration was "A disgraceful failure."

Yes he admires Wilson just as you did Taft, Cannon, Penrose, Bill Bradley and Gus Wilson.

He feels toward Senator Beekham, Ollie James, W. J. Bryan and all other Democrats, as you do toward a snake.

Senator Beekham says Mr. Bruner is running on dead issues and questions already settled and it is only necessary to read his speech to see that it is true, in one place he says he favors "A sound and unquestioned monetary system." This is his method of attacking the Democrats and beletting their policies because of once the leadership of Bryan, why mention that subject which was settled 22 years ago this fall. He says also he favors woman suffrage, a Democrat Legislature at Frankfort last winter has already submitted that question to the Kentucky voters and will be voted on by the people and if carried, Kentucky women will then vote whether they do in other states or not.

He says he is for prohibition, a Democrat Legislature submitted this question last winter also to the people and the voters will vote on it next year.

The nation wide prohibition amendment was ratified last winter by the Legislature and signed by the Governor. Kentucky already having ratified

the amendment so far as we as a State are concerned.

So it seems Senator Beekham is very much correct when he says, Mr. Bruner is raising dead issues and questions that have now been settled so far as Kentucky is concerned.

Listen how he appeals to the disgruntled, the slacker, the pacifist, and the pro-German vote, he says in this printed speech mailed out; "We must prevent and prohibit the further spread of undue socialistic tendencies toward federal ownership which is exploited by some as a panacea for every real or fancied ill of human society, and as quickly as possible set these great principles in motion that will place the nation's feet once more firmly on the paths of progress and prosperity along the ways which liberty order and justice must ever guard and keep."

Here he attacks the government control policy made necessary by the war and practiced by all the Allies, this of course is a direct bid for the vote of the man who is sore because government control or limitations has in any manner prevented him from doing business as previously, this is what he means to say and is an effective appeal for such support, yet he says he will support the Administration policy.

In another part of his speech he repeats the old time worn Republican speech that because this country has increased in wealth and population in the past fifty years that the Republican party is responsible for it.

In another place he says at the close of war the tariff must be properly adjusted between this and all other countries but he does not say he will vote with the President in that matter.

On the whole, and in substance he will vote on war measures as everybody else does, but during his six long years he would serve through the remainder of this administration and all through the next to work, canvass and vote for and with the Republican party and against the Democrat president and Democrat party on all questions great and small that have divided the party these fifty years. It would not be so bad or noticeable if he served for one year but six years will see him or any other Republican sent from Kentucky cast votes, make speeches and conduct himself toward the great Democrat party and Democrat issues that will cause any Democrat to blush with shame and a thousand times regret the action if they have in any manner helped elevate a bitter enemy of the party to this high office to kill the vote of our Democrat Senator already there.

If Ben Bruner should be elected to the Senate he would be the Republican ACE of the party in this State. You would feel his influence next fall when he takes the stump for Ed Morrow against James D. Black for Governor. Bruner has asked the Democrats some questions which have been answered above and now here are some questions for Democrats to ask themselves;

Will not Bruner after the close of the war, if elected, vote against every Democrat measure coming before the Senate?

If the Republicans carry either house of congress they will re-organize that house, oust the Democrats from the War Committees, place Republicans in their stead, and claim honor of winning the war, are you in favor of this, what have you against Democrat leader Kitchen, Speaker Champ Clark, Senator Beekham and other such Democrats?

Since our Democrat administration has had to bear all the blame and responsibility of this war and Wilson desires his party to remain in power till it is finished that he may be supported during and after the war, do you want to turn the President's party out of power.

Every War President has in

time of war been supported by having his party in power during the War, the people recognizing this as a necessity and it being a necessity, why should Woodrow Wilson be refused this necessity?

If you vote for Ben Bruner he is out of your mind immediately afterward, but if you elect him you send him up to bother Woodrow, for two years; Has not the President enough on hand without being bothered with the wind jamming, demagoging, egotistical, camouflaging tactics of Ben Bruner.

If this is a non-partism election why are all Republicans without a single exception against the Democrat ticket?

When all Republicans expect to vote against your ticket and then try to get some Democrats to vote for their ticket, because they find themselves in the minority, what is the difference in their tactics after attempting to destroy your party from the German, who finds himself licked and yells "Kamerad."

Is it any argument that because the Republican party has so few white people in it; that the 60000 colored votes added to them still leaving them short a few votes, and that you should line up with them and theirs to defeat the rank and file of Kentucky's citizenship and their choice in this matter.

Who do you say the slacker, the pacifist, and the German vote in Kentucky will support this time; if he has a grievance of any sort against the administration, will he support the party of the administration? He wants you to help him give the administration a black eye.

Many good loyal Republican citizens will vote for Bruner, but they do so just as they always work and support their party and is their strong faith in their party any reason why you should desert yours?

Will you ask your Republican friend if he will vote for Black for Governor next fall against Ed Morrow?

Do you know this is not a local state fight that is in progress but that all Congressmen all over the union and many Senators are to be elected, that the Republicans have national headquarters and their program is to control either or both houses of Congress, that the issue in one state is one thing and another state is another thing but the program as a whole is to get a majority of the house and Senate if only one majority and they do not care a rap what their men stood for in the separate states?

Will you be so short sighted and not see the whole program of the two parties, in the nation, that November 5th will disclose to the world whether or not America's War President has been given a vote of confidence or a rebuke?

Do you think the President is a partisan enough to want to dictate local politics for hat reason alone, or do you think he is vitally interested in having a majority regardless of where they come from?

If he does not get men from Democrat States like Kentucky, where will he get them?

Don't you suppose that knowing he was entitled to one from Kentucky is why he asked you to send him a Democrat?

Is there very much difference if any in changing the Senate and House and asking the President to resign?

Do we mean that Republican candidate are pro-German and disloyal, No certainly not, but it means that you think your president and your party was not big enough to handle the situation and had to throw up the job?

If Ben Bruner is anything more or less than a Republican who wants all Republicans to succeed and Democrats to fail, why does he support a new untried Republican for Congress against Swager Sherley, whose worth, work and patriotism is recognized by all the south in his present position on Coast Defense and Naval Affairs?—Larue County Herald.

DIED OF FLU.

Mrs. Alice Eaton Stevens, wife of Rev. E. C. Stevens, died at her home in Louisville, Monday night, of influenza. She was formerly Miss Burnett and was married to Rev. Stevens in 1916. She is survived by her husband, parents and brothers and sisters. Funeral services will be held in Louisville today, with interment at Cave Hill Cemetery. Mrs. Laura Stevens and Rev. Chester Stevens left this morning to attend the funeral. Mrs. Stevens visited in Hartford less than a week ago.

ADABURG.

Farmers are getting along nicely with their work on the farm.

Mrs. B. B. Forman, who has been ill for several days is some better at this writing.

Several from this place attended singing at Beech Valley Saturday night.

Miss Blanch Hickey, of Dukehurst, visited her friend, Miss Kathrine Keith, of Adaburg, Sunday.

Mr. G. W. Earley, who has been ill of typhoid is some better.

Miss Blanch Hickey and Kathrine Keith were the guest of Mrs. Lula Shown Sunday. Eva McEgbert Cambrom is on the sick list.

Master James Midkiff, who been sick is better.

Mr. B. L. Gossett went to town yesterday.

Miss Thelma Harden, of Adaburg, visited her sister, Mrs. Vertie Ralph, of Beech Valley Wednesday night.

Miss Nona Bartlett was the guest of her cousin, Miss Elvina Chapman, of Union Grove a few nights ago.

Mr. Alfred Baughn, of Adaburg, has returned to Missouri after a short stay with friends and relatives here.

Miss Grace Keith, of Adaburg, visited her cousin, Miss Flora Earley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hosey Shown and children will move to Whitesville next week.

Mr. Moriah school has closed on account of this new disease, Spanish influenza.

Several from here attended the pie supper at Clear Run last Friday night.

I want to say the ladies are very patriotic in our neighborhood who have helped faithfully in the farm work this season filling the places of our boys who have been called to the colors.

We enjoy so much reading the letters from the boys in France, and always enjoy the news of the Herald.

FORDSVILLE.

Miss Rachel Ellen Cooper, of Owensboro, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Cooper.

Mrs. Paul Snyder and little son, Jim, are very ill with the Spanish influenza.

Miss Ruby Neel, of Louisville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Neel.

Miss Vaturia Mason is on the sick list.

Mrs. Rachel Johnson is very sick at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. D. Cooper.

Mr. Basil Row is visiting his parents, at Centertown.

On account of the influenza epidemic the school fair will be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Fred Hines, of Owensboro, is visiting Mr. Fred Armet.

Mr. L. T. Truman who has been working at Stithton, Ky., is visiting his family here.

Mrs. Myrtle Reaves is visiting her father at Owensboro.

Mr. Sam Morrison who has been working at Stithton is visiting his mother, Mrs. T. Morrison.

A FISH FRY.

Mr. S. D. Williams recently gave a pleasant Sunday fish-fry on his farm on the shores of Rough River. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Alex Carson; Mr. and Mrs. Herman Plittie; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Brown; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Oglesby; Mr.

and Mrs. Will Hinton; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Williams; Mr. and Mrs. Hermon McNamara; Mr. and Mrs. Arlie Brown and son, Reathel W.; Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Tinsley and children, Charles Gray and William Lester; Mr. Leonard Tinsley and children, Rueben and Clara Jane; Misses Leona Myers, Gertrude Pirtle, Mary Pirtle, Flossie Williams, Lillian Jane Williams, Lois Williams; Messrs. Roy Hoeker, Clarence Williams, Everett Boyd, Henry Tinsley, W. R. Carson and Joshua Tinsley. All enjoyed the day immensely.

OAK GROVE.

Mr. and Mrs. N. G. Boswell, of Horse Branch, visited relatives here from Saturday until Sunday. They reported several cases of Spanish influenza.

Misses Nellie and Edith Fenn were guests of Misses Rosy and Ella Huff Saturday and Sunday. Miss Erna Boswell spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Ethel Muffett, near Dundee.

Farmers are very busy caring for the corn, cane, tobacco etc., before frost makes another visit. Quite a few molasses are being made Mr. George Nabors had 108 gallons.

Quite a few cattle are dying with the dreaded disease pink-eye. Mr. Sam Davison loosing eight and several hogs.

A RESTLESS TRAIN.

As an evidence that locomotives have sense the same as human beings, a peculiar accident occurred at Horse Branch last Saturday evening. While waiting for the time to depart from the depot, the hour being late, the boy who watches the engine left the cab and went to a nearby restaurant for a few minutes. The passengers were all in the coaches and in a few minutes they felt the train begin backing. It got faster and faster till they were thrown forward in their seats with a lurch and it came to a standstill. Upon investigation it proved that it had jumped the track and had plowed through a large heap of ashes. In some manner the throttle had slipped and the engine started of its own accord. If the engineer had not arived a serious wreck would doubtless have occurred. It required some time to get the coaches back on the track. It was the train that runs between Owensboro and Horse Branch.

Additional Locals

Carl C. Brown, son of Oliver Brown, of Beaver Dam, is now in France.

Mr. John M. Chinn, of Beaver Dam, was among The Herald's callers Monday.

News has reached us that Mr. Elvis Funk, son of Mrs. J. T. Funk has landed safe in France.

Mr. Arvin Igleheart, with the 325 th Regiment, Battery A., Field Artillery, is now overseas.

Mr. O. P. Branton has returned to his home in Beaver Dam after a visit to relatives at Madison, Ind.

Sam T. Barnett has sold his farm, across the river from town, to R. M. Wooster. Mr. Barnett will give possession the first of the year.

Dr. J. S. Bean, of Horse Branch, visited his father, Dr. L. B. Bean, the first part of the week. Dr. Bean reports over one hundred cases of influenza near Horse Branch.

We are getting out the paper this week under many difficulties, our printer, Mr. J. I. Goodman, having resigned last week. Mr. Goodman has been foreman of the Herald press rooms for three years, but left Saturday, leaving us temporarily without a foreman.

FOR SALE.

Two sows and twelve pigs. Good stock. Call on or address JOHN M. CHINN, Beaver Dam, R. 3. 43-2tp

OHIO COUNTY

OVER THE TOP.

Ohio County has, again demonstrated her patriotism and unflinching support of the government, by far oversubscribing her quota in the fourth Liberty Loan. The quota set by the District committee seemed high and some of the faint-hearted had already begun to murmur that it would not be raised, but their murmurings should be forever put to silence in the results of the Loan in this County. The quota was \$256,000. With some of the districts not yet fully tabulated, the returns show approximately \$330,000—\$74,000 oversubscribed. Much of this was due to the enthusiasm of the county's citizens and committeemen, and the untiring efforts of the county chairman, Mr. John H. Larnes. Without the co-operation of the county's citizenship with the chairman this desired end could not have been accomplished. Ohio County stands in the forefront of those counties of the state which have oversubscribed their quotas.

SERGEANT LEE BROWN KILLED IN FRANCE.

Another Ohio County boy has poured out his life-blood for the sake of ideals held dear. Sergeant Lee Brown, of Echols, was killed in action in France, September, 28th. His father has received a telegram confirming his death.

Sergt. Brown was about 33 years and was the son of A. J. Brown, of Echols. He is well-known throughout Ohio County. He served in the regular army six years and arrived in France the 10th of last April. His mother died six years ago and he immediately enlisted in the army. At the expiration of his term of service he reenlisted. He leaves behind him a father and four brothers, besides a sweetheart in New York. His family have the sympathy of all in Ohio County who love our Country's flag.

BIG FIRE AT PATTIESVILLE.

The big flour mill and saw mill belonging to Mrs. T. E. Butler, at Pattiesville, burned Sunday evening. The mill was one of the largest in the county and was doing a big business. It is estimated that the fire entailed a loss of over \$7,000, none of which was covered by insurance. Mrs. Butler is proprietor of the leading mercantile store and is the owner of a large farm near Pattiesville.

WASHINGTON.

The farmers around here are still very busy with molasses making and gathering corn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lowe attended the funeral of Mrs. Frank Brooks, at Whitesville, Friday. Mrs. Brooks had influenza.

Miss Violet Allen returned home Monday after a few days visit to her brother's, Mr. Ellis Allen, of Centertown.

Miss Alma Baughn spent Saturday and Sunday with Misses Gladys and Gola Bennett, of Hartford.

Misses Zola Tinsley and Versey Newcomb spent Sunday night with Miss Edyth Tinsley.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Johnson and baby, and Mrs. Sis Hoover spent Friday night with Mr. O. R. Tinsley and family.

Mr. Anderson Meadows, who is now bordering on typhoid, Mr. J. E. Park's entire family is ill with the "flu."

Mr. H. A. Park has recently sold his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Tinsley spent Sunday night with her sister, Mrs. Jesse Taylor.

Miss Gladys Bennett, of Hartford, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Noble Baird, this week.

WE have utilized this page to again call your attention to the fact that those as much as **THREE MONTHS IN ARREARS WILL BE CUT OFF** the first of November regardless of who or how good they are.

The Hartford Herald is subject to a fine (by the Government) of 1c per week for every week we send the paper to a subscriber three months or more in arrears. You can figure yourself just how much you are in arrears, then you will see just how much we would be liable to the Government for on your subscription. Those in arrears who fail to pay up on or before November 1st, will be cut off and dues on back subscription collected later. This is **FINAL!**

**Uncle Sam Says So, and
we must obey his orders!**

OHIO COUNTY BOYS NOW OVERSEAS

List of Those Serving Their Country in Expeditionary Forces.

We give below the names of Ohio County boys, serving overseas, or they have been sent in to us. This list is necessarily incomplete, but we will add to them each week the names of soldiers as they are sent in. You need not send their company or regiment but simply their names. Most of these boys are in France but some are in England, and other sections of Europe. Send in your son's name and tell your neighbor's to do the same. The names so far submitted are as follows:

- Arthur H. Hendricks.
- Darrell Robertson.
- Ulysses C. Young.
- Corp Thomas Young.
- Jimmie Hersley.
- Romey B. Smith.
- Sergt. C. C. Main.
- Chester Main.
- Hubert E. Wright.
- Robert A. Davis.
- Heaven Douglas.
- Ras Bennett.
- Elvis Johnson.
- Arthur B. Everly.
- Carl M. Murry.
- James Earl Plummer.
- Arthur P. Telford.
- John W. Allen.
- J. Raymond Campbell.
- Alva W. Petty.
- Owen Bolton.
- Still Mason.
- Guy Heifner.
- Leonard Bishop.
- Robert E. Lamb.
- Richard L. Dever.
- Arthur Everly.
- Orville McKinney.
- Raymond McKinney.
- Pirtle Arnold.
- John W. Autrey.
- Lyman G. Barrett.
- Edwin H. Hamlett.
- Corbet Lake.
- Grover C. Greer.
- Bud Ambrose.
- Ray Bennett.
- Corp. Leonard Anderson.
- John D. Ham.
- Oscar Durall.
- Dr. F. B. DeWitt.
- Corp. Hallie J. Taylor.
- Roscoe Westerfield.
- Douglas Taylor.
- Oder Griffith.
- Wm. Bryan Holbrook.
- Ray Cobb.
- Willis Cobb.
- First Lieut. Everett B. Likens.
- Barney Daugh.
- Layton Ross.
- Kirby Park.
- Thomas Brown.
- Robert E. Price.
- John R. Phipps.
- Ernest E. Price.
- Coleman Tatum.
- Hubert Stevens.
- Capt. Douglas D. Felix.
- Walter Maddox.
- Clarence Eugene Ward.
- Owen T. Wallace.
- Ivory Lynch.
- Dee Carl Ferguson.
- Steve Grigsby.
- Nathaniel Hudson.
- Corp. Chas. W. Johnson.
- J. S. Loyal.
- Layton Ross.
- Corbett Rome.
- Millard H. Carnahan.
- Luther D. Jackson.
- A. D. Birch.
- Felix C. Birch.
- Mack Foreman.
- Alvin B. Porter.
- Everett De Bruler.
- Ira Mastison.
- Clarence Culerey.
- Elbert Hill.
- Arthur Daniel.
- Leslie Jones.
- Fred Robinson.
- Herbert Robinson.
- Harrison Robinson.
- Gilbert Fraize.
- Riley Taylor.
- Morrison C. Stephen.
- Jesse E. Felix.
- Hardin Riley.
- Seth Riley.
- Everette Leach.
- Kelly Pierce.
- Searey Stewart.
- Ora B. Ward.
- Lewis Bozarth.
- John Bozarth.
- Allen Bozarth.
- Mack Henshaw.
- Earty Stone.
- Owen Austin.
- Omer T. Wallaco.
- Malin A. Bennett.
- Charlie Foster.
- Jesse V. Crow.
- J. F. Parks.
- Lee Keith.
- Lewis O. Head.
- Vernon Durham.
- John T. Brown.
- Corbet Cooper.
- Carl B. Ward.
- Lloyd Cavender.

- Walter Watson.
- Raymond Rowe.
- John Ward.
- Corp. Alva V. Wade.
- Sergt. W. C. May.
- Horace Johnson.
- Walter A. Williams.
- Harrison Crumes.
- Speed Mongge.
- Dewey Alford.
- Ira Hazellip.
- John B. Hazellip.
- Hethel Johnston.
- Elton Wilson.
- Byron Leach.
- Chester Keown.
- Otis Curtis.
- Frank Tichenor.
- Herbert D. Roach.
- Frank James.
- Byron Leach.
- General Hoover.
- Henry Arnold.
- Edward M. Smith.
- Carl B. Barnes, Prentiss.
- James A. Barnes, Prentiss.
- Arthur Edge.
- Robert Hamilton.
- George A. Wedding.
- Arthur Rhoads.
- Cecil Rhoads.
- Seth Rhoads.
- Charlie Lee Tucker.
- William Phillips.
- Virgil P. Kiper.
- Willie Espey.
- Arnold Brown.
- Walter K. Baker.
- Harry Stoy White.
- Garrard F. Moore.
- Robt. O. Telford.
- Geo. Whobrey.
- Willie Espey.
- William Phillips.
- Clarence Hardin.
- Willie English.
- Corp. Ellis Brown.
- Roscoe Emhry.
- Jobe N. Leach.
- Virgil P. Kiper.
- Vernon Orbs.
- Clarence Gabbert.
- Carlisle P. Williams.
- John C. Barnard.
- William Robertson.
- Albert Robertson.
- Corp. Ray Hawkins.
- John Rander.
- Oswald C. Hoeker.
- Sergt. Elver P. Hunter.
- Hiram A. Carter.
- Roy Frain.
- Boysie Maddox.

GERMANY'S RULE OF CONQUERED LANDS IS LESSON TO AMERICA

Consider What Would Happen to Us
if the Improbable Should
Take Place.

Copies of the Journal de Geneve received at Washington show just what sort of a peace the Germans enforce on a conquered people when they feel able to dictate to the conquered.

By cable from London and from the Geneva newspaper just mentioned it appears that among other terms forced by the Huns upon the Roumanians the whole male population from age 16 to age 60 is subject to forced labor at the will of the Prussians. Under this decree Roumanian farmers have been required to work at long distances from their homes and for the sole benefit of the invader.

Officials here point out that America could expect no better peace terms from the Huns in case the fortunes of war should turn against this country and the Germans should dictate how we should make peace and manage our affairs.

Means Virtual Slavery.

It would mean that a farmer might be required to leave his family and farm to get along as best they could while he was put on a train with thousands of others and taken to the passes of the Alleghenies to build fortifications for the Huns against any possible rebellion of Americans against their conquerors.

The same tactics have been followed in Belgium, in Serbia, in Poland and in the Ukraine of Russia, wherever the Germans have made themselves the masters. Roumanian elections have been dictated at bayonet points and the people are not permitted to pass from one part of the country to another without special permits that are very hard to obtain.

It is this known history and these known traits of the German character that make the most telling arguments for subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan. It is only by subscribing the full loan that we are able to maintain armies and keep up the fight, and it is only by creating an army to smash the Hun forever that we can absolutely assure ourselves that this country will not undergo the fate of Belgium or Roumania or North France.

If there were enough "slackers" among the people of this country it would be only a question of time until we were in the same condition as Roumania. The world opinion is firm that Germany had set out to make itself master of the world.

Dr. Egypt.

Scientists have discovered an immense amount of underground water in Egypt and plans are under way for boring an extensive system of wells for use in dry seasons.

The Watch On The Rhine - - - By Greening



FRENCH GO BACK TO CANDLES

Scarcity of Materials Used for Light-
ing Has Led to Revival of
an Ancient Art.

While the war has wrecked some industries in France, it has at the same time created new ones and revived older crafts. An excellent and interesting example of the latter is the art of candlestick making, which has taken on a new lease of life. Even in some of the big towns there are houses which are not supplied with gas, where before the war petroleum or spirit was used for lighting purposes. Now that the use of these is restricted closely, recourse has to be made to the old-fashioned candle.

This is true in the country especially where candlesticks are in great demand, and every one is buying them according to his means or fancy. At first they were made of copper, but when that metal became scarce brass was employed. Some of the modern examples have several branches and are very artistic.

A domestic art metal worker at Aix, who has specialized in this kind of work, and has become quite a celebrity, has just constructed a series of tall iron candlesticks of very solid proportions which can hold several candles. They have been critically inspected by art metal critics and are claimed to be true works of art, and to appeal to all lovers of ironwork.—Scientific American.

LONG FAMOUS IN HISTORY

Vicissitudes of Old City of Jerusalem
May Be Said to Be Without
a Parallel.

The capture of Jerusalem by English troops recalls the tragic and fascinating story of that day, which carries us back through the mist of ages to the days when the throne of David was established within its walls. From that date we pass to the glories of the temple built by Solomon, which for centuries was to stand as the center and pivot of the Jewish nation and faith. The time came, however, when her days were numbered, and the drama of Calvary was followed a few years later by the onslaught of Titus, the Roman emperor, who encompassed the city round on every side and leveled it to the ground.

Round its ruined walls Saracen and Crusader were to fight continuously for its possession, and Christian knights flocked from all lands to the rescue of the holy places, until in 1099 Godfrey de Bouillon defeated his enemies and was chosen as the first Christian king of Jerusalem.

Following this, for a considerable period the city remained in Christian hands, until in 1517 it was captured by the Turks.

YOUTH-TIME

The important time to lay
a strong foundation for
robust manhood is while life is
young and the body develop-
ing. A growing child needs
every possible help to conserve
energy and confirm the body
in vigorous health. To a
developing child

SCOTT'S EMULSION

comes with particular help.
Thousands of the strong men
and women of today were in
youth-time nourished and
strengthened to withstand
the inroads of disease by the
consistent use of Scott's.

Scott & Bowne, Limited, N. Y.

THE TEN WAR COMMANDMENTS

Adopted by the French People and
Recommended to All Americans.

The economic and social section of the League of Patriots, with headquarters in Paris, 4 Rue Ste. Anne, has distributed a leaflet urging the French to endure without complaint the restrictions imposed upon them in the interest of their country. The following is a copy:

1. Do not forget that we are at war. In your smallest expenditure never lose sight of the interests of the native land.
2. Economize on the products necessary for the life of the country: Coal, bread, meat, milk, sugar, wine, butter, beans, cloth, leather, oil. Accept rations. Ration yourself as to food, clothing, amusements.
3. Save the products of French soil. Let some day you deprive your father, your son, your husband, who are shedding their blood to defend you.
4. Save the products that France must buy from foreign countries. Do not drain reserves of gold, which are indispensable to victory.
5. Waste nothing. All waste is a crime which imperils the national defense—prolongs the war.
6. Buy only according to your needs. Do not hoard provisions; your selfishness raises prices and deprives those of smaller means of things indispensable to existence.
7. Do not travel unnecessarily. Reflect that our trains are, before all, destined for the transportation of the troops, the feeding of the population, the needs of our national production.
8. Do not remain idle. According to your age and your ability, work for your country. Do not consume without producing. Idleness is desertion.
9. Accept without murmuring the privations which are imposed upon you. Reflect upon the sufferings of those who are fighting for you, upon the martyrdom of the population whose hearths have been devastated by the enemy.
10. Remember that victory belongs to those who can hold out a quarter of an hour the longest.

That France may live, she must be victorious.

BATTLE CRY OF FREEDOM

Abraham Lincoln said: "All you have to do is to keep the faith, to remain steadfast to the right, to stand by your banner. Nothing should lead you to leave your guns. Stand together, ready, with match in hand."—Chicago, March 1, 1859.

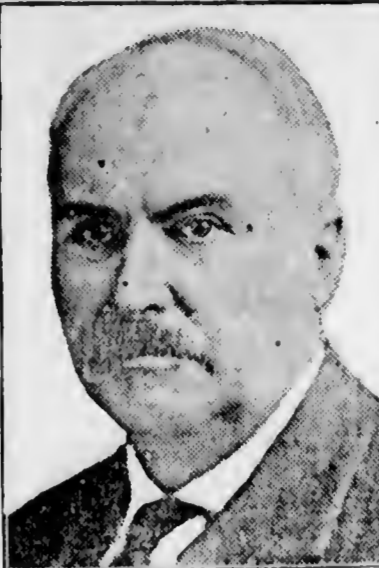
The match in your hand that will fire a gun against autocracy is a Liberty Bond.

One of Uncle Sam's Boys.

Although he had twice been unable to make his way through a steam-filled compartment, Walter D. McLean, a chief machinist's mate, national naval volunteers, United States navy, made a third go at it, and with success. In doing this he prevented a much more serious accident, and for his valor has been commended by the secretary of the navy. The engine room had been filled with live steam when the breaking of the tiller carried away the exhaust lines of the steering engine. At the first alarm McLean tried to enter the compartment where the steam was escaping, but it was not until he had made three trips down the ladder that he was successful in stopping the flow. McLean went into the navy April 8, 1917, entering the naval volunteers at Erie, Pa.

The Blessing in Disguise.
Girl—How much for a marriage license, please?
Registrar—Ten shillings.
Girl—I've only got five shillings with me.
Registrar—Then you're lucky.—London Opinion.

Calls All Cows by Their First Names



W. E. SKINNER,
General Manager of the National
Dairy Show to Be Held at Co-
lumbus, O., Oct. 10-19.

Years of experience in handling large dairy and cattle shows throughout the United States has given Mr. Skinner a first hand knowledge of practically every prize winning cow in the United States.

From the veteran of a dozen prize rings to the yearling being shown for the first time, he knows them all by name, their breed and their probable performances.

SWISS CHEESE NOW MADE IN AMERICA

There was a day when "Swiss cheese made in America" was supposed to be a joke. That day has passed. One of the most interesting and informing exhibits which will characterize the National Dairy Show at Columbus, Ohio, October 10-19, will be several tons of cheeses made in this country after famous formulas which have old world reputation.

Swiss cheese, Roquefort, Formage de Brie and Limberger cheese are all made in the United States better and more cheaply than they ever were made in Europe. An air of quaintness will be given the exhibition by having it in charge of young women garbed in the costume of the countries which once produced these cheeses for the American table.

High cheese of this sort may be considered a war industry. American manufacturers have made such progress that aside from the fact that European dairy herds are depleted almost to the point of extinction, it is doubtful whether European manufacturers will be able in many years to come to get back the market they formerly enjoyed in the United States.

IMPORTANT MEETINGS AT THE DAIRY SHOW

Columbus, Ohio. — A number of important conventions will be held in conjunction with the National Dairy Show, in Columbus, Ohio, October 10-19. They are The International Milk Dealers, October 14-15, The National Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers, October 17-18, and The American Dairy Science Association.

NATION DEPENDS UPON DAIRY COW

This Truth Is Being Sent Home
to the American People.

INDUSTRY MUST BE SUPPORTED

North America Almost the Only Land
Where the Dairy Business Has Not
Been Crippled to the Point of Ex-
termination — Federal Government
Lending Its Support to Spread This
Message.

Without the dairy cow we cannot rear children.
Without children we cannot exist as a nation.

North America is almost the only land where the dairy industry has not been crippled to the point of extermination.

These three reasons, according to M. D. Munn, of St. Paul, Minnesota, one of the principal live stock men of the country and vice president of the National Dairy Show, are the reasons why the entire country must awake to the need of supporting the dairy industry as a whole.

These facts are being emphasized in connection with the National Dairy Show at Columbus, Ohio, October 10-19, when the government will lend its strong support in sending home these truths to the people of the country.

According to Mr. Munn the vital lesson, which men like Dr. E. V. McCullum, of Johns Hopkins, are giving to the public here and there, must come home to the nation as a whole. If the United States is to be saved, the dairy which holds almost all of Europe in its thrall.

There are great areas in Europe where a man cannot buy a glass of milk for any amount of money. Every drop they have of the precious milk is saved for children. And there are areas of devastated Belgium and elsewhere that the mortality among children is 50%. Think of it! It is the purpose of the National Dairy Show to encourage the discouraged dairymen of the United States to labor on.

There are, in round numbers, in this country, 25,000,000 dairy cows and these produce about 10,000,000 pounds of milk. Large as this amount may appear, it is not sufficient for the population of this country per capita for the population of this country per day, when other dairy products are taken out of the total supply.

Last year, over 10% of all food eaten in this country came from the dairy cow. In addition to this, the dairy cow is almost the sole support of soil fertility on the average farm. Agriculture would almost disappear from the United States within five years if the dairy industry were annihilated. At least, agriculture would be so seriously crippled that anything like commercial prosperity anywhere in the land would be out of the question.

The National Dairy Show is the one opportunity to bring the men of the country and the housewives of the nation together to give them the benefit of the collective wisdom of the United States in reference to the dairy cow. Just now dairymen everywhere are immensely in need of encouragement.

Blue-Blooded Horses Aid In Winning the War on Huns



THE Federal Government has recognized the importance of scientific horse breeding and the relation of the horse show to the industry by granting special railroad concessions to the animals that will be shown at the Horse Show, which will be the night feature of the National Dairy Show at Columbus, O., Oct. 10-19. The first three days of the show will be given over to Percherons, The

week of Oct. 14-19 will be devoted to saddle and harness horses, including jumpers, hunters and cavalry mounts. Johnny Jones, with Frances Robbins up, one of the prize horses of the Oppenheimer stables of New York City, is here shown ready for entrance at the Columbus show. Insert a W. S. Blitt, New York, national manager of horse shows, who will be in charge of arrangements.

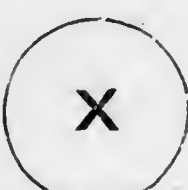
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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



For United States Senator,
HON. A. O. STANLEY.

For Judge, Court of Appeals,
JUDGE W. E. SETTLE.

For Congressman,
HON. BEN JOHNSON.

The once vicious German
daschund has tucked his tail
and scurried under the bed.

Every Sunday during the
gasolineless period was sunny.
But as soon as the ban was lifted,
it rained, leaving a muddy
prospect.

At last the ban on gasoline-
less Sunday. It has accomplished
its purpose. But now the
folks are afraid to go out driv-
ing on account of the "flu."

The Fourth Liberty Loan is
over. In this campaign, as in
all former ones, Ohio county ac-
quitted herself nobly. Her quota
was far oversubscribed. This
speaks for the genuineness of
the county's patriotism, and her
earnestness in the desire to see
the war pushed to a successful
conclusion.

As winter draws near and the
influenza epidemic spreads, it is
likely there will be much suffer-
ing unless the disease is arrest-
ed. With a world cursed with
war, sickness and sorrow, it is a
time for each person to be ready
to stretch forth the hand of
mercy, and the world will be
drawn closer together in a bond
of sympathy and love.

Don't worry, Mr. Thomas,
about the chief battle of this
war being "fit." The beginning
of the end is here but the end is
not yet. Whenever the Ameri-
cans get well on German soil
the "wool-pulling" will set in
earnest. We respectfully refer
you to our friend, Marshall
Fech, who says the next offen-
sive will probably be an Ameri-
can advance in Lorraine.

The article we published last
week by Mr. Norman Hapgood
is the product of a man who is
known throughout the reading
world as a literary star of the
brightest luster. He is one of
America's foremost authors and
his contributions receive the
highest consideration from our
leading magazines. This makes
the Hartford Republican's be-
fitting commendation and criticism
of his recent work rather
amusing.

Fifty years ago now the
young folk will read a novel of
the wonderful days of the
American Revolution, and
the noble sacrifices, that

today seem so much a part of
our life, will form the theme for
many a future romance; and
the sacred soil of France will
draw pilgrims for many a long
year. Truly, we are living
in a wondrous age.

Dr. Bruner's grand-father
was a soldier in the Revolution,
his father in the Civil War, him-
self in the Spanish-American
and his son in the present one.
Some fighters! But the doctor
will have to put up the hardest
fight of all his progenitors if he
wins a place in the Senate.

The world will be much
smaller after the war than it
was before—not smaller in
miles or acreage, or in geograph-
ical extent; but by it the nation
will learn more of each other
and a new fire of brother-hood
will be kindled, till from shore
to shore, it may be said, hearts
are touching. When an Aus-
tralian and an American lie
down in the trench together
with an African and a Hindu,
all with a common purpose and
common end, there is sure to be
a new and better understand-
ing awakened among them.

It may seem a little stringent,
but if we were to suggest a
righteous punishment for those
who are perfectly able to buy
Ponds and refuse to do it, we
would favor a complete boy-
cott. A man who refuses to
support his government is a
German sympathizer whether
he ever heard of Germany or
not, and should be treated as
such. If he is a merchant, re-
fuse to buy his goods; tell him
to sell them to the Germans; if
he is a farmer, let him market
his products with the Huns.
Whatever his vocation let him
follow it among those with
whom he stands in sympathy.
If he is a preacher, let him
preach to, and go on to hell with
the Germans.

It is a proud boast of the
Teutons that since the days of
Germany they have never been
defeated. The exuberance and
stubbornness of the race have al-
ways brought them out the final
victors, as in the war against
Napoleon. But strangely enough
Fate has never aligned them
against the Anglo-Saxons. The
Teutons have always clung to
autocracy—the Anglo-Saxons
to liberty. This war is primar-
ily a testing of the races, whether
the German races should rule
or the free Saxons. Neither have
ever been defeated. But even
now history is writing the
names of the victors—and they
are the English speaking peo-
ples the descendants of the Ju-
des Angles and Saxons.

The Government has seen fit
to protect the soldier, not only
while on the firing line, by war-
risk insurance, but after he re-
turns home. Being used to
five out-door life, the soldier
will naturally not wish to re-
turn to a stuffy office or grimy
factory, but will long for the
free air of the country and the
exhilarating atmosphere of the
great out doors. Anticipating
this, the government is arrang-
ing to reclaim several million
acres of land which will be sold
to the soldiers on easy terms.
If needed, he will also be ad-
vanced money to build his home
and improve his property. In
this way, a home and livelihood
is assured to each of the boys
who have dared to sacrifice all
for the sake of their country.

THE PRESIDENT'S SUPPORTERS.

The Hartford Republican has
made the statement time and
again that the Republicans have
stood more solidly behind the
President than the Democrats.
Let us examine the records.
As we all know, the ship-build-
ing program and the way it has
been carried out is one of the
chief triumphs of the Wilson
administration, backed by a
Democratic Congress and Sen-
ate. Ships to carry the food
and munitions to our soldiers
and our allies are of the most
vital importance in winning the
war. At the beginning of the
war our merchant marine oc-
cupied a low place among the
nations; today it is the second
in the world. Every day min-
eral oil and other necessities
arrive at our ports from
foreign ports. Who led the
Republican to do this? In
1915 the Republican Party
opposed the ship-building
program. It was the Demo-
crats who led the government
into the ship-building business. The

Democrats in the House passed
the law despite Republican op-
position. The bill went to the
Senate where it remained un-
til March 3, 1915, the day before
congress expired by constitu-
tional limitation. A Republican
filibuster, led by Senator Weeks
of Massachusetts, blocked the
passage of the bill during that
session. A year later it passed
both house and Senate. It
passed the House by a vote of
209 to 161. Of the 161, 160
were Republicans. It passed
the Senate by a vote of 38 to
21. Of the 21 negative votes
20 were cast by Republicans.
And this is the way they sup-
ported the President's prepared-
ness bills.

ORDERS OHIO COUNTY FISCAL COURT, SEPT. 5, 1918.

Hon. Mack Cook, J. O. C. C.

On motion of Esq. Shown, it
is ordered that the question of
voting a tax of the sum of twenty
cents on the One Hundred
(\$100.00) dollars worth of
all property subject by law to
local taxation, under Section
157a of the constitution, for the
improvement and construction
of the public roads and bridges
of the county be submitted to the
voters of Ohio County. Said
tax to be levied each year for
five consecutive years immedi-
ately following said election.
The taxes to be collected and
accounted for by the Sheriff, at
the same time and in the same
manner and by the same pro-
cess that he collects other taxes
and an election is hereby order-
ed to be held throughout Ohio
County and in all the voting
precincts therein, on the 5th,
day of November, 1918, upon
the proposition of whether or
not a property tax of twenty
cents on each One Hun-
dred (\$100) Dollars worth of
property in Ohio County shall
be levied for five (5) consecu-
tive years, next immediately
following said election for the
purpose of improving and con-
structing, either or both, the
roads and bridges of the county.

Said election to be advertised,
held and conducted in the man-
ner and according to the sever-
al provisions and requirements
of the laws of the Common-
wealth of Kentucky, now in
force governing such elections
and under the general election
laws of the Commonwealth of
Kentucky, where same relate
and apply to elections held to
determine the above question
and no amount of money in ex-
cess of the amount that can be
raised by the levy in any one
year, shall expended in that
year.

S. A. Bratcher, Sheriff of Ohio
County, Ky. is hereby appoint-
ed, ordered and directed to ad-
vertise the time and purpose of
the election and the amount of
taxes to be levied each year and
the number of years for which
it is to be levied and collected
in the newspaper published in
Ohio County, having the largest
circulation for thirty (30) days
before the said election and he,
the said Sheriff, will cause a poi-
nt to be opened in each and all the
precincts in and throughout
Ohio County, on the above
named date, as the law in such
cases directs, and he may ad-
vertise said election by having a
certified copy of this order
published, as above directed,
and W. C. Blankenship, Clerk
of the Ohio County Court, is or-
dered and directed to furnish
said Sheriff with a certified
copy of this order, as it appears
upon the Order Book, in time
for said publication.

The said Sheriff and County
Clerk are further ordered and
directed to do and perform each
and every thing required under
the laws of the Commonwealth
of Kentucky, in advertising and
conducting such election and
in the preservation of the bal-
lots and the canvassing and
certification of the votes and
said election is directed to be
held in all respects as required
by law governing such elec-
tions.

It is further ordered that it
is the sense of this court, in the
event said election results in fa-
vor of the levy and collection of
such tax, as aforesaid, the money
thereby derived shall be so
used and apportioned as that in
each magisterial District of the
county. There shall be used
the sum derived as aforesaid, in
such district for improving and
constructing, either or both,
the roads and bridges of the
county. In any way restricted or im-
paired the expenditure of other
lawful funds in each respective

DON'T THROW AWAY Your Old Tires

Conserve and Help Lick the Kaiser

THIS is to show you why "DRI-KURE RETREADING"
with a 3,500 mile guarantee will save you one-half to two-
thirds on your tire bill.

"Dri-Kure Retreading" is a proven factory meth-
od—not the old "kettle" process that soaks the car-
cass of your tire with steam; that, when cold, turns
to water and rots the tube.

"Dri-Kure" method is operated by DRY HEAT
under 3,000 pounds pressure. The mere fact that
racing drivers use tires retreaded by the Dri-Kure
Process is proof that we can and can't trends for a re-
view.

Tom Alley, Chicago racing driver, averaged 104
miles per hour for 100 miles at Chicago Speedway,
June 22, 1918, without a tire change and all on
Retreaded Tires. There's a reason.

Now Compare the Cost and Saving

Compare the cost of the tire you have on your
car now and the cost of Dri-Kure Retreading, the
same size. The chart of prices will show you the
cost of retreading.

Now Figure the Saving for Yourself
and remember that every tire we retread is guaran-
teed for 3,500 miles. Is this saving worth while?
Think it over. Who wouldn't want to save from
one-half to one-third off their tire bills?

We will gladly show you the complete detail and
extend to you a personal invitation to come in for
a chat. We will prove to you the success of this
process to your own satisfaction.

Live Agents Wanted.

MOORE & STIVERS MILES OF SERVICE

Seeth
725

City
2468

930-32 S. 3 d St.

Tom Moore, Jr. E. C. Stivers

Louisville, Ky.

SEE US FOR "RACINE TIRES," 5000 Mile Guarantee.

Magisterial District, for said
purposes, just as funds are now
and have heretofore been used,
so far as such funds may be
necessary and available, and in
the manner provided by law,
and that a more adequate and
effective method of working the
roads be put in operation than
is now in effect. Ayes and
Nays being called resulted in all
of the Justices present voting
in the affirmative, thereupon
the motion was declared, car-
ried and so ordered.

MACK COOK, J. O. C. C.

State of Kentucky.

County of Ohio.

I, W. C. Blankenship, Clerk of
the Ohio County Fiscal Court,
do certify that the foregoing is
a true and correct copy of the
order as appears on the Order
Book 3, page 573.

Given under my hand, this
30th, day of September, 1918.

W. C. BLANKENSHIP,
Clerk Ohio County Court.

Pursuant to the foregoing or-
der, and by virtue of the power
vested in me as Sheriff of Ohio
County, Kentucky, I hereby
cause the aforesaid order to be
published as required by law,
and further direct and shall
cause the various officers whose

duty it is, to open a poll in each
of the Voting places within the
County of Ohio on Tuesday,
November the 5th, 1918, to take
the sense of the qualified vot-
ers of the qualified vot-
out in the above and foregoing
mentioned order.

Witness my hand, this the
30th, day of September, A. D.,
1918.

S. A. BRATCHER,
Sheriff, Ohio County.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank my kind
neighbors, for their kind aid
during the illness of my little
daughter, Virginia Bell South-
ard.

TALMAGE SOUTHARD,
Shimmons.

"GRIPPY" INFLUENZA Doctors Say: "Take Iron"

For building up weak, nervous, run-down people, doctors pre-
scribe iron. It is the greatest blood purifier and strengthener
known, and, taken in proper quantities, it builds up the body
like nothing else can. But many of the iron preparations be-
fore the public contain too little iron; many of them contain
from 10 to 25 per cent. of alcohol, and alcohol counteracts the
efficiency of the iron.

Acid Iron Mineral

is free from the presence of alcohol. It is obtained from the
only natural medicinal iron mineral deposit of its kind known
to the world; a pure, natural iron product, free from the drug
of the chemist and the "dope" of the pill maker.

In addition to three forms of natural Iron Acid Iron Mineral
contains magnesium, potassium, sodium and calcium, medi-
cinal properties which your doctor prescribes for indigestion,
dyspepsia, constipation, and many ailments arising from a dis-
ordered stomach. As a general tonic it comes closest to the
ideal, making rich, pure blood, and toning up the system, and
weak vital organs to normal. (A-I-M is splendid for a nasal
spray and gargle, prevents influenza). Don't delay, call for it
today.

Be sure you get Acid Iron Mineral; ask for it by name. Look
for the A-I-M trade-mark, it is your guarantee of a pure, con-
centrated, efficient, economical iron product. At OHIO COUN-
TY DRUG CO. INC., HARTFORD KY.

Car Load FARM WAGONS Just Received

We have different kinds to select from. Prices right.
We pay the freight.
Red Cedar Shingles. Composition Rubber Roofing,
House Paint. Roof Paint. Flooring. Ceiling.
Sheeting. Send cash with order.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY, (INCORPORATED)

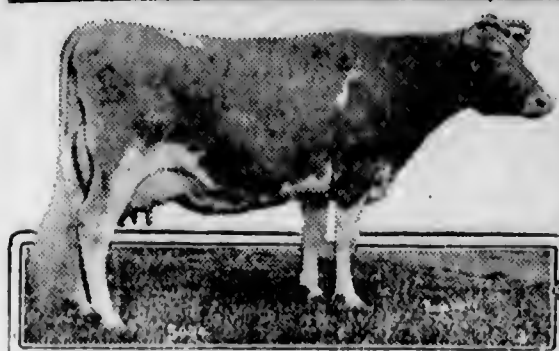
JAKE WILSON, Manager.

FORDSVILLE, KY.

TRAIN TO FILL GOVERNMENT AND BUSINESS POSITIONS

All young men and young women desirous of advancement should write
for the Catalogue and Booklet of the
SPENCERIAN COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
SPEED BUILDING (North of the Post Office) LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Four Queens --- Each Is Worth Fortune In Her Own Name



PRINCESS BERGE, GRAND CHAMPION GUERNSEY COW

CHAS. L. HILL
JUDGE OF GUERNSEYSW.S. MOSCRIP
JUDGE OF HOLSTEIN CATTLEMINERVA BEETS
GRAND CHAMPION HOLSTEIN COWSHERWALTON MAINS QUEEN
GRAND CHAMPION AYRSHIRE COWH.H. KILDEE,
JUDGE OF AYRSHIRESHUGH G. VAN FELT
JUDGE OF JERSEYSOXFORD MAJESTY GYPSY QUEEN
GRAND CHAMPION JERSEY COW

THE aristocracy of the cow world will be on display at the National Dairy Show, which will be held at Columbus, Ohio, October 10-19, this year. The four grand champion cows of the recognized dairy breeds are shown. All of them and all the medals and ribbons they have won will be shown at the Dairy Show. Opposite each breed is the man who will judge the cows, who will compete with these recognized leaders for first position.

HAS A MESSAGE FOR THE WOMEN

Government Considers Dairy Industry of the Greatest Importance.

ENGAGES EXPERTS' SERVICE

Prominent Women Educators Will Divide Their Time Between Washington and Columbus Until After the Great National Dairy Show Is Over.

The government plainly considers the dairy interests of the country of extraordinary importance and believes that it has a message of great value to the women of the United States as is shown by the cooperation which is being extended to the National Dairy Show which will be held at Columbus, Ohio, October 10-19.

The government has reached out and commanded the services of two expert women from two of the leading universities of the country and has given them instructions to divide their time between Washington and Columbus until after the Dairy Show is over.

These women are Miss Emma Conley, in charge of the home economics department of the University of Wisconsin, now on a year's leave of absence to the States Relations Service Committee of the Department of Agriculture, and Miss Jessie M. Hoover, who was dean of the home economics department of the University of Idaho before becoming attached to the dairy division of the Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington. After making a survey of the possibilities of the Dairy Show for delivering the message the government wants the American housewives to get, they have named the following committee to cooperate: Miss Edna N. White, director home economics, Ohio State University, and president American Home Economics Association; Miss Gertrude Van Hoesen, formerly of the University of Chicago and now of United States Department of Agriculture, and Miss Anna Van Meter, home economics department, Ohio State University.

One of the largest of all the buildings of the Exposition grounds will be turned over to this work. There will be practical demonstrations of dairy lunches of nutritious meals prepared largely from dairy products and there will be a special restaurant managed by the home economics department of the State University. Child Welfare work will be exemplified in many ways. There will be lectures and demonstrations of the necessity for milk in the diet of all children.

Dr. E. V. McCollum, of Johns Hopkins University will exhibit the famous rat colony which was used in his experiments to determine the actual food value of milk and the dire consequence of a lack of milk in the regular diet of youngsters.

Another special feature will be the possibilities of dairy products in filling the dinner pail, a problem which the women all over the United States are finding peculiarly difficult under the present high schedule of food prices.

SIRE AND THEIR GETS AMONG THE EXHIBITS

Calamity Jane will not be at the National Dairy Show at Columbus, Ohio, October 10-19 this year.

Calamity Jane attracted more attention a year ago in ten days than in all the three years of her earlier experience.

But Calamity Jane is dead. She has gone the way of many another unprofitable cow.

She was one of the 8,000,000 cows in the United States which eat more than they produce. They may give a little milk, night or morning, but in reality they milk their owner. It is part of the purpose of the Dairy Show to inspire farmers and dairymen everywhere to know exactly what each cow in their herd is doing and whether or not it is a profitable investment. Among the exhibits which impress this lesson will be a series of wires and their gets, showing how intelligent breeding increases the output and consequently the profit of each generation of cows.

NATURE'S WARNING

Hartford People Must Recognize and Heed It.

Kidney ills come mysteriously. But nature generally warns you. Notice the kidney secretions. See if the color is unhealthy—If there are settlements and sediment. Pages, frequent, scanty, painful. It's time to fear serious kidney trouble.

It's time to use Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's have done great work in Hartford.

J. A. Baird, R. F. D. No. 5, Hartford, Ky., says: "I used only one box of Doan's Kidney Pills, but that was all I needed to cure me of kidney weakness. For some time I had been troubled by sharp twinges across my loins and other symptoms of kidney complaint. As I heard Doan's Kidney Pills being highly recommended, I got a supply and their use cured me. I highly recommend this remedy."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Baird had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

IT'S A PREMATURE MONUMENT

Tall Obelisk Was Raised by the Turks to Commemorate Anticipated Capture of Kut.

Approaching Kut-el-Amara from the south by the River Tigris, the first thing one sees nowadays is a tall obelisk. It stands on ground sacred to no people in the world but the British. Eleanor Franklin Egan writes in the Saturday Evening Post. It stands on the wide, shell-torn and deeply trenched neck of land—base of the peninsula on which the town is built—where for 144 days the shattered remnant of a British army withstood a double siege of constant bombardment and slow starvation.

This obelisk was raised by the Turks to commemorate the surrender of General Townshead and their victory over the British forces that had tried so long and so heroically to relieve him. To me it was an exclamation point to punctuate my own astonishment!

I saw it first in the wonderful lights of early evening—a tall white shaft in a half-circling fringe of palm trees, lifting itself against a background of placid river, which lay in a short, straight stretch to the north, reflecting the colors of the sunset.

Was ever anything quite so premature? It makes one realize, as nothing else could, how confident the Turks and the Germans were that they had the British in Mesopotamia permanently defeated. Defeated! It seems incredible that anyone could have imagined it. In the face of things as they have become, that obelisk seems to me to express a kind of whispering emphysema, as though it felt itself strangely inappropriate and would get away if it could to follow its builders on the long trail of retreat to the north. It is a monumental misadventure, the ironic humor of it being unique and a thing in which Englishmen may now rejoice.

Insisted Neighbor Was "Devil." She was a motherly old soul who wore glasses and she insisted, vehemently, that "that woman next door was a regular devil."

And when the police court complaint clerk asked her to explain further she said: "She's a spiritualist. She sits up all night putting evil thoughts into my head. She won't let me sleep."

It was a declaration that made the woman next the motherly old soul at the counter open one eye wide in amazement. That woman couldn't open both eyes, for her husband had blacked and closed one.

The complaint clerk tried to soothe the motherly old woman, but she kept on insisting that her neighbor sat up nights trausserting evil thought from bedroom to bedroom. She wanted something done, she said, for, as she insisted over and over, "No decent person can do that."

The clerk had to humor her and it was a long time before he finally got rid of her.—Detroit Free Press.

Pays to Keep a Toad.

The toad is useful because of its diet. No less than eighty-three species of insects, mostly injurious, have been proved to enter into its dietary. In his "Civic Biology" George W. Hunter says: "A toad has been observed to snap up 128 flies in half an hour. Thus at a low estimate it could easily destroy a thousand insects during a day, and do an immense service to the garden during the summer. It has been estimated by Kirkland that a single toad may, on account of the entomophagous which it kills, be worth \$19.88 each season if lives, if the damage done by each centworm be estimated at only one cent. Toads also feed upon slugs and other garden pests."—Popular Science Monthly.

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TO END NOBILITY

Canadian Plan Strikes at Very Ancient Institution.

Proposal Is Called Radical and Affects Titles That Run Back to the Old French Regime.

The report from Ottawa that the Canadian nobility is to be abolished may be the first news to not a few on that side of the border, as well as to many on this side, that Canada has a nobility. The proposal is called radical, and it certainly does strike at a very ancient institution, states a writer in Providence Journal. If such a law is enacted in accordance with the recommendations of the government, in the form of an order in council, "no hereditary title shall hereafter be conferred upon a British subject resident of Canada," and "appropriate action shall be taken by the government to provide that, after a prescribed period, no title held by a British subject now or hereafter ordinarily resident in Canada, shall be recognized as having hereditary effect."

The reference presumably is to the titles that have come down from the period when the king of France "conceded his North American possessions in fiefs of duchies, marquisates, counties, viscounties, baronies and other seigniories to the members of the noblesse, military officers and other men of merit admitted to the noblesse"—according to the old chronicle. And although, as one of the ancient regime has plaintively observed, "democracy has a hatred for natural superiority and endeavors to crush it out," the titular nobility seems to have survived among the "bourgeoisie" and "peasantry" of the husky young Dominion.

Canada has its college of arms and a number of American citizens who can claim descent from patrician families, or who by feats of arms or other public achievements have shown their merit, have qualified in some of the orders, and are privileged to display the ribbons and wear the court dress of "dark blue, red cord, gilt buttons of the imperial two-headed eagle, cavalry saber, and blue, red or green sash." At about the time of the Civil war one of these orders invited the membership of "those of the American states disgusted with the vulgarity and tyranny of democracy," and its rolls contain the names of General Gordon, General Vance and other distinguished personages of the Southern confederacy. Among the old French titles are Duc d'Arkansas and Baronet of Nova Scotia.

Fire Losses in North America. As has often been pointed out, the fire waste in the United States and Canada is extravagant. But Canada now proposes to reduce the damage by the adoption of compulsory fire prevention measures in accordance with the recommendations of the commission of conservation, says Providence Journal.

Excluding forest fires, the commission finds that since confederation the loss has been \$700,000,000, while every year 200 lives are sacrificed in fires, and 500 persons are seriously injured. Canada's per capita fire loss is the largest in the world—\$2.73—and that of the United States—\$2.20—is second. England's figures are small—64 cents—but large in comparison with the 13 cents reported in Switzerland. France has a per capita loss of 74 cents. Conditions in these several countries do not seem to justify such an extraordinary difference in the fire records. Probably the explanation of the poor showing on this side of the ocean lies in the better enforcement of safety regulations in Europe, and in holding property owners accountable for the damages caused by fires starting on their premises.

The remedy proposed in Canada is in putting more responsibility upon owners of buildings and other combustible property.

Colored Regiments.

In 1866 congress passed a law that colored regiments should be a part of the regular army. The Ninth and Tenth cavalry and the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth and Forty-first regiments of infantry were organized March 3, 1869, a consolidation act was passed and the Thirty-eighth and Forty-first were reorganized as the Twenty-fourth regiment of infantry; the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth were reorganized as the Twenty-fifth regiment of infantry. The Ninth and Tenth cavalry won the reputation of being among the best Indian fighters on the frontier. At the outbreak of the Spanish war, in 1898, the four colored regiments were among the first troops ordered to the front, and they won distinction. At the first battle in Cuba, the Tenth cavalry played an important part of coming to the support of Colonel Roosevelt and the Rough Riders. The Twenty-fifth infantry took a prominent part in the battle of El Caney. The Ninth and Tenth cavalry and the Twenty-fourth infantry rendered heroic service in the battle of San Juan hill.—Boston Globe.

Of Like Minds.

Isabella one day had been exceptionally trying, and finally, after numerous corrections, her mother remarked: "Isabella, I should think you would get tired hearing me talk to you so much."

In most decided tones the child returned: "Well, mother, I do."—Harper's Magazine.

FORTY YEARS A DRUGGIST He Endorses PERUNA

Read this from Mr. L. A. Richardson of Marine, Illinois:

"I have been engaged in the retail drug business here for the past forty years. During this time I have seen many patent medicines come into use, flourish for one or two years and then gradually disappear. There are very few of these remedies that possess enough real merit to insure them long life. Peruna has always been a good seller with us, with a marked increase from year to year. The change in the formula some years ago, by the addition of the slightly laxative properties, has made it a reliable remedy for constipation and for colds. If taken hourly in tablespoonful doses by adults it will break up the worst cold in two or three days' time. I take pleasure in urging my brother druggists to recommend it for these two ailments."

Sold Everywhere Liquid or Tablet Form Ask Your Dealer

Party Line Courtesy

The quality of service on a party line is largely dependent upon the co-operation of the subscribers on that line.

No subscriber should use a party line for long periods of time, to the total exclusion of others.

When a party line is found to be in use, hang up your receiver immediately. While it is off the hook conversation is interfered with.

Each neighbor on a party line is entitled to a reasonable use of the telephone service, and should not be interrupted or have the privacy of his conversation interfered with.

The Golden Rule applies with particular force to party line telephone service.

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DEARLY NO SECRET

Power to Charm Lies in Forgetfulness of Self.

Women Who Fascinate Have Simply Developed the Art or Power of Putting Others "On Good Terms With Themselves."

A gracious woman writer seeking the secret of feminine fascination, finds it in the art or power some women have of charming others by putting them, as a bluff Britisher phrased it, "on righting good terms with themselves." Is not this a characteristic of almost all those persons, men and women, whom we like the best and enjoy the most? Do they not, either by artifice or by instinct, endeavor to make the people they meet feel that they are not to something, know something, have some excellence, attractiveness or interesting qualities, and thus put them on pleasant terms with themselves. The persons who, are least liked at this or least inclined to try it are the self-centered, self-important people completely absorbed in their own affairs and not wise or well-bred in little worlds of which they are the centers, and may be said in a certain sense to revolve about themselves.

This is a characteristic brought up from their forms of life from which we are ancestrally derived and only in part outgrown. For most animals the only measures of the least importance are those which directly affect themselves. They are egocentric. The things that touch them make up their world and they have no interests outside of that. More than any other animal the dog can sink his personality so to speak, subordinate himself and make his master's interests his own. Only infrequent individuals of other species can or will do this. Hence dogs as a rule are more companionable for men than any other living creatures before him in the evolutionary scale. As he returns to human beings, Josephine was the most beloved and charming woman in France because she took a genuine and kindly interest in the affairs of all with whom she came in touch. She was outgoing, inclined to her sympathies and thus constituted antagonism created by Napoleon, who was self-centered to an extraordinary degree. Not to multiply examples, does not experience teach all important people that in selfishness lies the secret of charm? Are not the lovable people those whose love goes on spontaneously, or appears to? Is not spontaneity, entire absorption in themselves, a characteristic held in common by most of the people who get on one's nerves? Kind hearts are more than coronets, said Tennyson. More attractive, therefore, than beauty or the brilliancy and glitter of intellectuality is the drawing power of kindly consideration for others. Fascination is born of the heart, not of the mind; and whether instinctive or acquired, would seem to be the art of entering into the lives of others and getting them, as the Englishman said, on good terms with themselves.—Rochester Post-Express.

She Knew Better Anyway.

In certain small towns, seven miles from each other, as the crow flies, located only two physicians, Doctor Smith and Doctor Brown. There was considerable rivalry between the two knights of the pill and powder and when Doctor Smith received a very urgent call from a young farmer about four miles to the country, he left an office full of patients, cranked up what was cracked up and was off.

When he arrived at the farmer's house he found that a three-year-old "farmer" had cut his finger. The doctor was diagnosed when he saw the "scurvy" nature of the accident. He thought of the office full of patients he had left and had visions of them walking a mile file to the office of Doctor Brown.

"You're very, very silly of you to call me on this case," he said, somewhat testily, to the farmer's wife.

"I know it was, but Doctor Brown was out."

Strained His Telescope.

The oldest inhabitant of Little Northern possesses a telescope which he treasures.

"Why don't you make use of it sometimes, James?" a neighbor asked.

"It used to be a good 'un," James said wearily, "but it's broke now."

"Broke?" the neighbor asked.

"How's that?"

"Well," James replied, "it was such a good 'un that I could see the old church across the miles away quite plain, but Joseph, the scoundrel, got the lens of it and tried to make out the steeple of the Methodist chapel morn'g ten miles away. He tried and tried and couldn't see it so that he strained my eyes and it's never been right since."

Commander a "Good Fellow."

One of the home-guard boys had on a summer that was too large for him. While waiting on the station platform for the train to come the commander noticed the boy and coming up to him he turned him around and around, looking him over on every side. Finally he said: "Young man, that suit does not fit you."

The boy, not realizing to whom he was speaking, promptly retorted: "Well, that is so, because why I should be such a whiff of it, is it?"

Next favored him and the commander.

STOP THAT INDIGESTION.

In the long list of human ills there is none that causes more suffering, or is more productive of serious results than a disordered stomach.

It unfits you for business or pleasure, and opens the way for the most fatal disease to attack your system. Stomach trouble manifests its presence by flatulence, or "wind" in the stomach and bowels. The tongue is coated, the bowels are irregular, and there is depression, anxiety, despondency, dizziness, head ache, cramps, water-brash, constipation, diarrhea, or other complications.

For this aggravating disease, VIN HEPATICA has been found to be very prompt and effective. It should be taken in doses graduated to the requirements of the case, sufficient to establish a daily movement of the bowels.

Mr. W. T. Mackie, prominent planter, Route No. 1, Whites Creek, Tenn., says: "I was so troubled with indigestion that when I got up every morning I

would feel as if I had had no rest at all during the night. But I took VIN HEPATICA, and was so greatly pleased with the relief it gave me that I recommended it to other members of my family and all of my tenants, who have been using it with most excellent results."

You can get this wonderful Nature remedy at the designated Vin Hepatica store.

Serbian Great Walkers.

All Serbian peasants are great walkers. A servant, given a short leave, will think nothing of footing it to his home, five and twenty miles off, and walking back after a short day spent with his family.

It is quite in the ordinary way of their business for both men and women to be two days on the road to market. Owing to their remarkable marching powers Serbian troops are mobilized and moved with surprising rapidity, in spite of the great lack of railway communication. And then they march light.

With little in the bread-bag that hangs at his belt the Serbian soldier is quite content if only he can roll himself a cigarette now and then and look forward perhaps to a tot of plum-cognac.

PLEASANT WAY ALWAYS BEST

Nothing Ever Lost by Effort to Take Sting Out of Request That Must Be Refused.

Do you know how to take the sting out of anything unpleasant you have to do? It is a good plan to learn how to do this.

"She said she couldn't do it, but you know how little would say such a thing. She tries so hard to make everybody feel pleasant. Now when I say no, people understand that I mean no."

March looked as well pleased with herself as if she had announced a more amiable characteristic. She was a girl with a peculiarly blunt and uncompromising manner. If she refused a request, her refusal was as downright as a blow. It was never softened by any little phrase suggesting regret. And Marcha was so well satisfied with herself that she felt something like contempt for the way little took the sting out of saying no, and made the people to whom she refused a favor as grateful as if she had granted it.

The girl who starts to go through life with her elbows out is going to find the road hard to travel. If she prides herself on being blunt and outspoken, she may need to use that as consolation for her sore heart many a time. It pays to make even a refusal pleasant. It pays to take out the sting whenever possible, and drop in the

honey. One who starts out as Marcha did, priding herself on being blunt, and contemptuous of the little courtesies, is likely to come to old age friendless and embittered. Learn to be pleasant and take out the sting.—Exchange.

ADD COLOR TO THE GARDEN

Goldfinches, Always Attracted by Sunflowers, Make Beauty Spot Especially Attractive.

A very familiar bird in our gardens, especially when there are sunflowers growing there, is the beautiful little American goldfinch.

Their deep black wings and tail and little cap form a striking, though pleasing, contrast to their bright yellow bodies.

Because of their sweet, canary-like notes they are often called wild canaries.

They are very sociable little birds, being found usually in small flocks; they even build their nests in small communities.

When winter approaches the male changes his bright yellow coat for one of a sober color closely resembling that of the female.

Numbers of them feed upon the sunflowers in my garden every year, and it is a pleasing sight to go in there and see their bright yellow bodies flashing in the sun.

They are hardy little fellows, spending the entire winter with us.—New York Sun.

Moving Pictures for the Home.

A comparatively inexpensive combination moving picture camera and projector for amateur use is illustrated in Popular Mechanics Magazine. It bears about the same relation to the costly and heavy professional machines as a compact, light camera does to a cumbersome apparatus employed by portrait photographers. Exclusive of its tripod, the new movie camera weighs less than three and a half pounds. It uses standard film and is operated as easily as any simple "still" instrument. The capacity of its magazine, designed for daylight loading, is twenty feet, which, because eight instead of sixteen pictures are taken per second, records as much action as forty feet of film in a professional machine. Sharp, clear pictures capable of reasonable enlargement for "stills" are obtained. By changing the lens attaching a light frame with reels of 200-foot capacity, and mounting a small, cylindrical lamphouse, the camera is converted into a projector.

Mrs. Lallinger, of Beaver Dam, has received a cablegram from her husband, Major John L. Lallinger, announcing his safe arrival overseas.



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Fall and Winter shoe styles insure to American women genuine beauty and grace in footwear of established reliability and true value.

"Queen Quality" shoes are within limitations prescribed by the War Industries Board. They are the standard of comfort, fit and corrective features.

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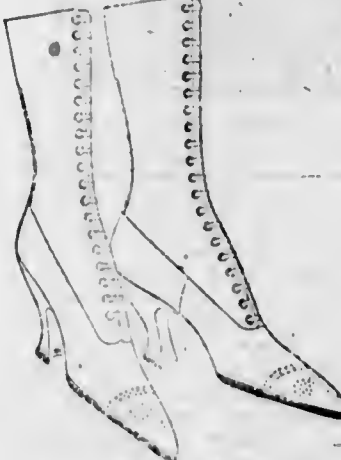
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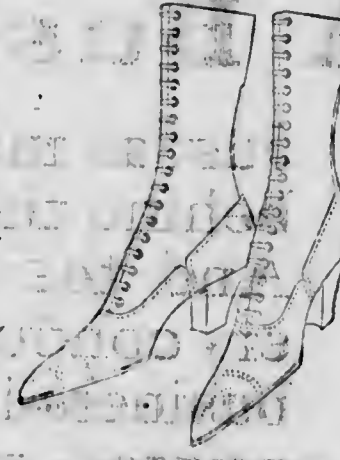
Grey, field mouse, or tobacco brown kid, also field mouse, top with brown kid vamp. Various similar styles.



The hand-sewn shoe may be had in many styles. There are similar styles of other leathers and patterns.



A black leather shoe of beauty and grace. It has simplicity of line and dignity of style for tailor-made gowns.



"The Girl Milliner" Tobacco brown calf, also grey, field mouse, tobacco brown or black shoe-top kid.



Grey, field mouse, tobacco brown kid, also the leather used in this handsome model. Many similar styles.

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